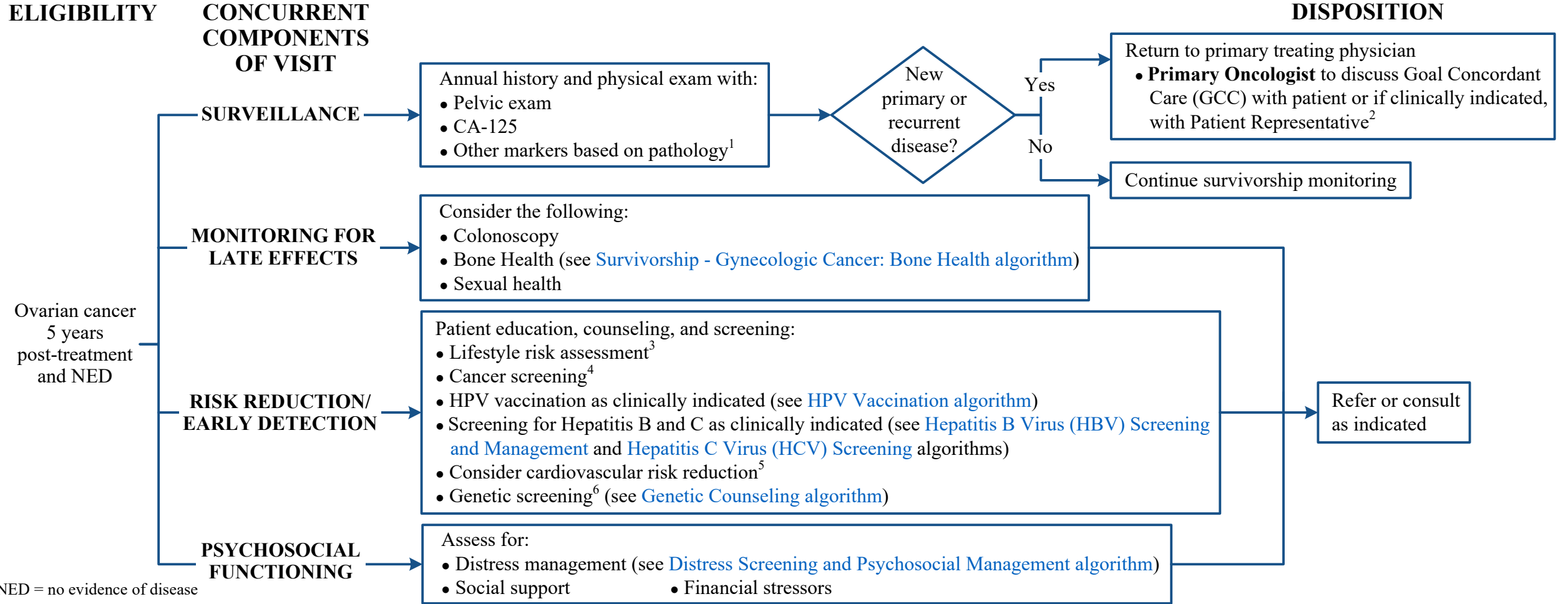


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NED = no evidence of disease

¹ • Choriocarcinoma (ovarian) and Gestational trophoblastic disease – BHCG • Granulosa cell tumor (ovarian) – Inhibin A and B • Sertoli-Leydig cell tumor – BHCG, AFP, and testosterone
 • Mucinous type (ovarian) – CEA • Dysgerminoma – AFP, BHCG, and LDH

² GCC should be initiated by the **Primary Oncologist**. If Primary Oncologist is unavailable, Primary Team/Attending Physician to initiate GCC discussion and notify Primary Oncologist. Patients, or if clinically indicated, the Patient Representative should be informed of therapeutic and/or palliative options. GCC discussion should be consistent, timely, and re-evaluated as clinically indicated. The Advance Care Planning (ACP) note should be used to document GCC discussion. Refer to [GCC home page](#) (for internal use only).

³ See [Physical Activity](#), [Nutrition](#), and [Tobacco Cessation Treatment](#) algorithms; ongoing reassessment of lifestyle risks should be a part of routine clinical practice

⁴ Includes [breast](#), [cervical](#) (if appropriate), [colorectal](#), [liver](#), [lung](#), [pancreatic](#), and [skin](#) cancer screening

⁵ Consider use of Vanderbilt's [ABCDE's approach to cardiovascular health](#)

⁶ Consider genetic counseling if there has been a significant family history change since the last genetic consult, or if the patient has not previously had BRCA1/BRCA2 genetic testing and ovarian cancer histology is high grade non-mucinous epithelial

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